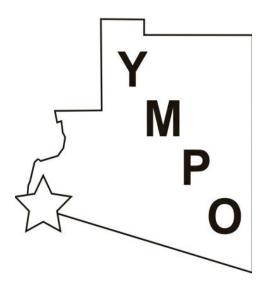


# Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022



230 West Morrison Street Yuma, Arizona 85364 (928) 783-8911 www.ympo.org

#### Yuma Metropolitan Planning Organization For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### **Table of Contents**

	<u>Page</u>
Introductory Section: (Unaudited)	
Letter of Transmittal	i
GFOA Certificate of Achievement	vi
Executive Board	vii
Organization Chart	viii
Maps of Service Area	ix
Financial Section:	
Independent Auditor's Report	1-3
Management's Discussion and Analysis – Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)	7
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	21
Statement of Activities	22
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Fund	25
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet – Governmental Fund to the Government Wide Statement of Net Position	26
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance – Governmental Fund	27
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance – Governmental Fund to the Government –Wide Statement of Activities	28
Notes to the Rasic Financial Statements	20

#### Yuma Metropolitan Planning Organization For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### **Table of Contents**

<u>P</u>	Page
Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited):	
Budgetary Comparison Schedules	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Metropolitan Planning Fund	51
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	52
Schedule of the Organization's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	53
Schedule of the Organization's Pension Contributions	55
Schedule of the Organization's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability and Related Ratios	56
Schedule of the Organization's OPEB Contributions	58
Statistical Section (Unaudited):	
Net Position by Components	65
Change in Net Position	66
Fund Balances of Government Fund	67
Change in Fund Balance of Government Fund	68
Member Dues	70
Principal Members	71
Demographics Statistics - Populations and Employment	72
Top Employers in Yuma County, Arizona	73
Full-Time Equivalent Employees by Function	74

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Local Governments and Citizens Working Together

January 19, 2023

The Honorable Martin Porchas, Chairman And Members of the Executive Board Yuma Metropolitan Planning Organization 230 West Morrison Street Yuma, Arizona 85364

Subject: YMPO's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for Fiscal Year 2021/22

Dear Chairman Porchas and Members of the Executive Board:

As Executive Director of the Yuma Metropolitan Planning Organization (YMPO), I hereby submit YMPO's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Financial Report) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

This Letter of Transmittal is the first item in the introductory section of the Annual Financial Report. Its purpose is to firstly provide information about financial statements in the Annual Financial Report and give comments assessing YMPO's financial condition. The second purpose is to profile YMPO, including its governance, organization, planning mandates, and requirements. It highlights significant planning programs mandated by Federal and State requirements and demonstrates their successful management during FY 2021/2022.

We also prepared Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of our financial performance for the fiscal year. Specific revenue and expenditure information about our transportation, goods movement, air quality, and the related planning work is reviewed in the MD&A. The MD&A incorporates information about grants, project and/or study budgets, and the projects and studies completed during the year. We encourage readers to examine the MD&A together with this transmittal letter.

The introductory section of the Annual Financial Report includes the following attachments in addition to the Letter of Transmittal:

- A listing of officers and members of the Executive Board
- YMPO's Organizational Chart

#### Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

This is the third year for which we have submitted to the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) our Annual Financial Report in order to apply for a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting by the GFOA. The submission is the result of many hours of effort by our Accountant II and Executive Assistant, Blenda Dale, supported by our Financial Services company, The Pun Group, LLP, and our Audit company, Walker and Armstrong. The award is the highest form of recognition in governmental accounting and financial reporting and its attainment will represent a significant accomplishment by YMPO.

#### The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

This Annual Financial Report consists of required financial statements and other supplementary financial information prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). As YMPO is a small organization, we contract with a financial services company, the Pun Group LLP, to develop the formal Financial Statements for the organization. The Annual Financial Report is a representation by management concerning YMPO's finances. Accordingly, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, the Annual Financial Report is complete, accurate, and reliable in all material respects and we assume responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the financial information presented in this report.

To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management has established a comprehensive internal control framework. This framework includes accounting, contracts, budgets, study and project management policies and procedures that are designed both to protect YMPO's assets from loss, theft, or misuse, and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of financial statements in conformance with generally accepted accounting principles. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement.

#### Independent Audit

YMPO's basic financial statements have been externally audited by Walker and Armstrong, a certified public accounting firm, licensed and qualified to perform audits in the State of Arizona. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of YMPO for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, are also free of material misstatement. The report of the independent auditor is also included in the Annual Financial Report.

#### Management Discussion and Analysis

The provisions of GASB 34, as amended by GASB 37 and GASB 38, require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of a Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). MD&A is an opportunity for management to reach beyond the familiar to a new and different analytical overview of financial activities. The transactions and events in FY 2021/22 are discussed fully in the MD&A.

The basic financial statements are comprised of the government-wide, governmental fund financial statements, and the notes to the basic financial statements. These financial reports combine to form a single, integrated set of financial statements. This Letter of Transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A, which is located following the Report of Independent Auditors in the Financial Section of the Annual Financial Report.

#### YMPO Management & Financial Goals for FY 2022/23

- Finalize Rail/Heavy Freight Alignment Study, with projected approval by the Executive Board in January 2023; pursue a Complete Streets Study; a Roads of Regional Significance Study; and explore to update the Safety Plan.
- Develop the Regional Coordination Plan (RCP), with projected approval by the Executive Board in May 2023. The RCP is required to focus on the following: a plan that assesses available services and current transportation providers; a needs assessment focused on individuals with disabilities, senior adults, and people with low incomes; a strategic plan to address the identified service gaps and opportunities to achieve efficiencies in service delivery; priorities for the enactment of activities based on resources, and feasibility for implementing specific strategies; and Mobility Managers work to remove barriers for effective service in the region.
- Pursue the Regional Transportation Safety Initiative; a Pavement Management System initiative; a Regional Intelligent Transportation Systems combined with Traffic Counting Initiative; and to explore a regional initiative to provide local agencies with planning resources to pilot new technologies and other initiatives to reduce travel demand.
- Continue to shape good public policy by hosting and convening thought leaders at the Executive Board, the Technical Advisory Committee (TAC), and continue a regional granting program to encourage member jurisdictions to implement YMPO adopted regional policies.

#### Profile of YMPO

YMPO is the third largest Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) in the State of Arizona, with representatives from the City of Yuma, Yuma County, the City of San Luis, the City of Somerton, the Town of Wellton, the Cocopah Indian Tribe and the Arizona State Transportation Board. These representatives come together at YMPO to develop solutions to common concepts in transportation, air quality, and other issues. YMPO also acts as an information clearinghouse, providing cities and counties an array of demographic, forecasting, mapping, and other regional statistics and data.

YMPO closely coordinates its efforts with a number of partners at the local, state and federal levels. In addition to its federal and state funding partners, YMPO's planning efforts are also closely coordinated with two tribal governments, one county transportation commission, representatives from the business community and the public at large.

#### The YMPO Governing Body

The Executive Board is YMPO's main governing body. The membership is comprised of ten individuals representing three cities, one county, one town, one Native American Indian tribe and one State agency. In addition, ex-officio, non-voting members include one Tribal Government representative, one public transit representative, and one representative from a county transportation commission in Southern California.

The biennial Unified Planning Work Program, annual budgets, and all material financial matters are discussed and acted upon through the Executive Board. A listing of each member and his or her respective representation are included in the Introductory Section.

The Executive Board's policy-making process and operational oversight are guided by the work of a TAC. Membership of this group is similar to that of the Executive Board, except that the participants are usually community managers, engineers, public works or planning directors, or similar specialists in regional planning.

#### YMPO's Mandates

As an MPO, YMPO is responsible under federal law for:

#### (a) The Long-Range Transportation Plan (LRTP)

The LRTP is a 20+ years visioning plan that must be updated every four years. The LRTP is required under federal law and balances future mobility with economic, environmental and public health goals. It embodies a collective vision for the region's future and is developed with input from the public, local governments, the region's transportation and planning agencies, tribal governments, non-profit organizations, businesses and local stakeholders in the region, as well as other state and federal agencies.

The LRTP includes a combination of transportation strategies and land use trends that help the region achieve Arizona's air quality emission reduction goals and Federal Clean Air Act requirements, preserve open space, improve public health and roadway safety, support our vital goods movement industry and utilize resources more efficiently. The LRTP includes projections for socioeconomic growth in the region to establish a basis for developing needs and strategies for future investments. Major transportation projects of regional significance seeking Federal or state funding must be consistent with the LRTP. At the core of the LRTP is a listing of hundreds of transportation projects ranging from highway improvements, bicycle lanes, new transit hubs and replacement bridges.

As the LRTP sets a framework for the region's future transportation investments, various studies are undertaken to support the development of the LRTP. Transportation studies encompassing all modes of mobility (e.g., highway, roads of regional significance, transit, rail, active transportation, goods movement, capacity enhancements, etc.), policy analysis, corridor studies, and land use studies are undertaken in consultation with numerous stakeholders and project sponsors. Environmental analyses are also undertaken to comply with various state and federal requirements.

Modeling analysis encompasses a major portion of the LRTP effort. All of the major components of the LRTP are subject to performance criteria that assess and measure performance and define the benefits and impacts of proposed projects and initiatives. Modeling studies and analysis form the basis of this type of LRTP work. A major modeling component is air quality and conformity analysis which ensures that all required federal and state air quality requirements are met. The LRTP is also required to be financially constrained, which necessitates that projects proposed for inclusion in the LRTP have realistic funding streams. This ensures the integrity and reasonableness of the LRTP.

Staff finalized the FY 2022-2045 LRTP and approved a resolution adoption in July 2021. It represents the most comprehensive long-term vision for the future of our transportation system as well as urban forms that best complement our current and future transportation system while supporting Arizona's State Implementation Plan (SIP) for air quality.

Each LRTP is a living document that must be adjusted on a regular basis to keep it valid, relevant and in-sync with new challenges and opportunities. It must be amended occasionally to ensure major projects being planned and implemented in the region remain consistent with the prevailing LRTP. Over the last three years YMPO has amended the previous LRTP one time to change project priorities, add Ozone to the non-attainment pollutants that the area must now recognize, and reconcile the major projects within Yuma County.

#### (b) The Regional Transportation Improvement Program (TIP).

The TIP is the short-range, five-year, program that includes projects to be funded with Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), Federal Transit Administration (FTA), State and local funds for the next five years. The TIP can be viewed as a part of the implementation mechanism for a conforming LRTP. YMPO is responsible for developing the TIP in collaboration and cooperation with our member agencies and Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) and the regional public transit operators and does so every two years.

The TIP must include all federally funded transportation projects in the region, as well as all regionally significant transportation projects which require approval from federal funding agencies regardless of the funding sources. YMPO began the process for the FY 2022-2026 YMPO TIP in early 2021 by updating the TIP guidelines document. The Draft 2022-26 TIP was approved by the YMPO Executive Board on July 29, 2021, and it has since been amended five (5) times. It was approved by the Arizona Governor's designee, was included in the State TIP, which was then approved by the Federal authorities on November 3, 2021.

#### (c) <u>Transportation Conformity Analysis</u>

In developing the LRTP and TIP, YMPO is responsible for ensuring that transportation plans and programs are consistent with or conform to the goals and objectives of state air quality plans to attain federal air quality standards as required by the Federal Clean Air Act. Failure of transportation conformity could result in rejection of the LRTP and TIP and withholding of federal funding and/or federal approval for Southwestern Arizona's critical transportation needs. The FHWA and FTA have approved the transportation conformity determination for the 2022 LRTP through Amendment No.1 and 2023-26 TIP through Amendment #5. In addition, the FHWA and FTA have also approved the expedited transportation conformity re-determination for the LRTP and TIP under the new 2015 federal ozone standards.

#### (d) Unified Planning Work Program

YMPO's Unified Planning Work Program (UPWP) is the foundation for financial planning and internal administrative control. It consists of all studies, projects, and budgets allocated and necessary to perform the planning work to be accomplished in the following year, and identifies the funding source(s) for each study or project. The budget includes line items for direct labor, and non-labor expenses, fringe benefits, and indirect costs.

YMPO is currently in the second year of the two-year 2022-2023 UPWP that YMPO developed and was approved in April 2021. The forthcoming UPWP will be the third two-year program that YMPO will develop, with a projected approval by the Executive Board in April 2023.

It contains studies and projects for a two-year period, but YMPO approves two separate budgets, each on an annual basis. When the UPWP is completed, and approved by the Executive Board, it is submitted to our external funding agencies for further approval. Formal amendments to the UPWP which involve major budgetary revisions are reviewed and approved by the Executive Board and applicable funding agencies prior to referral to our external funding agencies. The budget contains details of anticipated expenses for salaries, weekly and monthly operating expenses, the costs of studies and other programs and projects, and other costs, most of which are reimbursable with the Federal transportation funds available.

#### (e) Regional Coordination Plan (RCP)

YMPO's RCP is a regional human services transportation coordination plan that identifies the transportation needs of individuals with disabilities, senior adults, and people with low incomes. It provides strategies for meeting local needs and prioritizes transportation services for funding and implementation. The effort is funded by the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) 5310 Program through the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) Transit Section.

A full update to the RCP normally occurs every four years, with annual updates to the data provided by YMPO staff. The MPO manages the plan with oversight by ADOT, aiming to maximize the program's collective coverage by minimizing the duplication of services.

#### (f) Long-Term Financial Planning

YMPO has stable finances and it continuously evaluates its financial outlook to address challenges in a proactive manner. The FY 2021-22 financial statements reflect the measures YMPO has taken in prior years to operate using a model that balances revenues and expenditures. This forthcoming UPWP cycle, the region will use a Consolidated Planning Grant (CPG) for both FHWA and FTA grants. To date, those grants have been sufficient to cover YMPO's core planning activities, but costs are expected to grow over time as personnel costs rise and as YMPO broadens its activities and these costs are beginning to outstrip the growth in federal grants. Fortunately, over the past few years, YMPO has been able to reduce the amount of local match needed to balance revenues and costs, and YMPO always has the ability to utilize some of the STBG funds annually available to the region. Further, the recent Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (IIJA), also known as the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law, was signed by President Biden on November 15, 2021, resulting in increased Federal planning funds available for UPWP activities starting in FY 2023.

#### **Awards**

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Yuma Metropolitan Planning Organization for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. This was the second year that the YMPO has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for one year only. We believe that our current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and it is currently under review by GFOA to determine eligibility for another certificate.

#### Acknowledgements

On behalf of each member of the management team at YMPO, we express our sincere gratitude to you, Chairman Porchas, our past Chair Matias Rosales, and all members of the Executive Board for your leadership, hard work and support throughout the year. We recognize that being a member of the Executive Board is a demanding responsibility which requires a tremendous investment of time, and we appreciate your efforts. With leadership from the Executive Board, the work of management and our excellent staff, we are prepared to continue supporting the complex and challenging work of regional planning for Southwestern Arizona's future economic and social vitality.

Yours Sincerely,

Crystal Figueroa

Executive Director



#### Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

#### Yuma Metropolitan Planning Organization Arizona

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

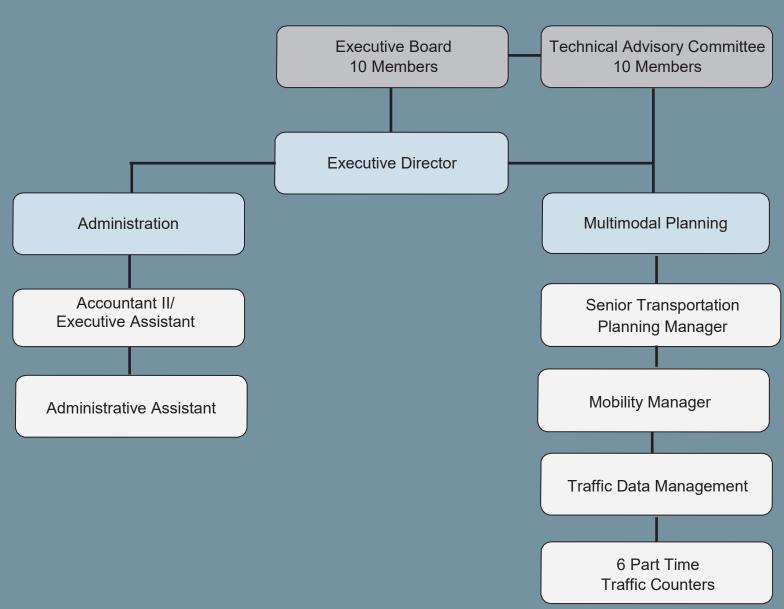
June 30, 2021

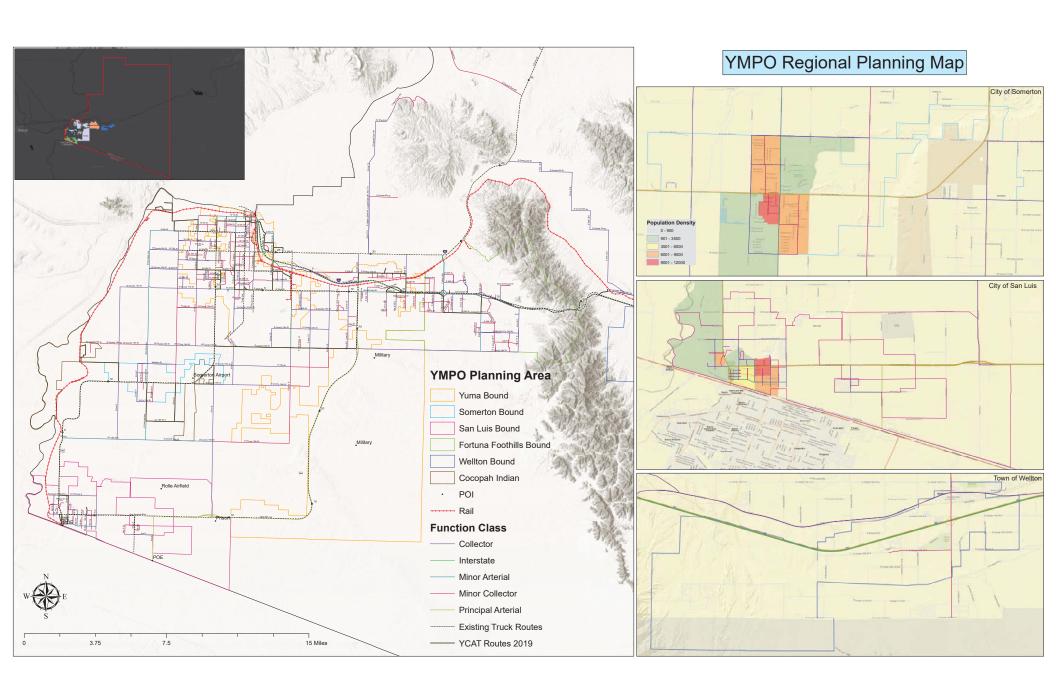
Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

### **YMPO** Executive Board











#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

The Executive Board of Yuma Metropolitan Planning Organization Yuma, Arizona

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Yuma Metropolitan Planning Organization, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Yuma Metropolitan Planning Organization's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Yuma Metropolitan Planning Organization as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Yuma Metropolitan Planning Organization, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

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In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Yuma Metropolitan Planning Organization's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Yuma Metropolitan Planning Organization's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Yuma Metropolitan Planning Organization's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 7 through 15, budgetary comparison information on page 51, and pension and related schedules on pages 52 through 57 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Yuma Metropolitan Planning Organization's basic financial statements. The introductory and statistical sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 19, 2023, on our consideration of Yuma Metropolitan Planning Organization's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Yuma Metropolitan Planning Organization's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Yuma Metropolitan Planning Organization's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Walker & armstrong, LLP

Phoenix, Arizona January 19, 2023 This page intentionally left blank.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited) This page intentionally left blank.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

As management of the Yuma Metropolitan Planning Organization (YMPO), we offer readers of YMPO's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of YMPO for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

#### **Financial Highlights**

The assets and deferred outflows of resources of YMPO exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, by \$1,393,868. Of this amount \$752,301 was unrestricted. YMPO's total net position decreased by \$51,008. The decrease is primarily attributed to an increase in administration expenses. As of the close of the fiscal year, YMPO's governmental fund reported an ending fund balance of \$1,169,066.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

These guidelines are intended to serve as an introduction to YMPO's basic financial statements. YMPO's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

#### **Changes to the Financial Statements**

In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, Leases (GASB Statement No. 87), to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It also establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Application of this statement did not have an effect on YMPO's fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

In January 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*. The primary objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. Application of this statement did not have an effect on YMPO's fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

In March 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates. Some governments have entered into agreements in which variable payments made or received depend on an interbank offered rate (IBOR)—most notably, the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR). As a result of global reference rate reform, LIBOR is expected to cease to exist in its current form at the end of 2021, prompting governments to amend or replace financial instruments for the purpose of replacing LIBOR with other reference rates, by either changing the reference rate or adding or changing fallback provisions related to the reference rate. The objective of this Statement is to address those and other accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an IBOR. Application of this statement did not have an effect on YMPO's fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

In June 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans – An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a Supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. The primary objectives of this Statement are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)
Required Supplementary Information
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)**

employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. Application of this statement did not have an effect on YMPO's fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

**Government-wide financial statements.** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of YMPO's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of YMPO's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of YMPO is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the government-wide financial statements present the activities of YMPO that are principally supported by intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of YMPO include general government, pavement monitoring, short and long-range planning assistance to local entities, economic development, and transportation planning.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 21-22 of this report.

**Fund financial statements.** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. YMPO, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. YMPO consists of a single governmental fund.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and change in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between the governmental fund and governmental activities.

YMPO maintains one individual governmental fund, the Metropolitan Planning Fund, which is a special revenue fund and is the major fund.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)
Required Supplementary Information
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)**

**Budgets.** YMPO adopts an annual appropriated budget for its Metropolitan Planning Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

For the fiscal year 2022, YMPO's original budgeted amounts were revised for changes in highway and transit planning revenues and related expenditures as well as donated services – YMPO member agencies.

Actual revenues were \$824,475 less than the final budgeted amounts for the Metropolitan Planning Fund. This was primarily due to \$406,032 in additional Metropolitan Planning (PL) and Statewide Planning and Research (SPR) funds allocated by the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) after an audit for FY 2015-2018. The amendment to the budget reflecting new money occurred toward the end of FY 2022 on March 31, 2022. That additional funding was targeted for transportation studies that will commence in FY 2023. In addition, YMPO also received an added one-time allocation of \$75,000 in SPR funds committed to YMPO to replace the \$75,000 in local funds to the City of San Luis for the Origin Destination component in conjunction with the Redevelopment Plan and Circulation Study. The entirety of the passthrough to City of San Luis in local funds of \$110,000 is budgeted in FY 2022 but the City commenced efforts for the study in FY 2023.

The Metropolitan Planning Fund actual expenditures were \$773,868 less than the final expenditure budget, primarily due to the delay of the PL and SPR studies related to the additional funds provided by the ADOT audit until FY 2023.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 25-28 of this report and the budgetary comparison schedule can be found on page 51.

**Notes to the basic financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements and should be read with the financial statements. The notes can be found immediately following the basic financial statements in this report.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

As described earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of YMPO, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$1,393,868 at the close of the fiscal year.

Governmental activities. Significant changes in governmental activities included the following:

- Current assets decreased by \$50,089 primarily due to a decrease in cash and investments.
- Total liabilities decreased by \$143,587 due primarily to a decrease in net pension liability and accounts payable.

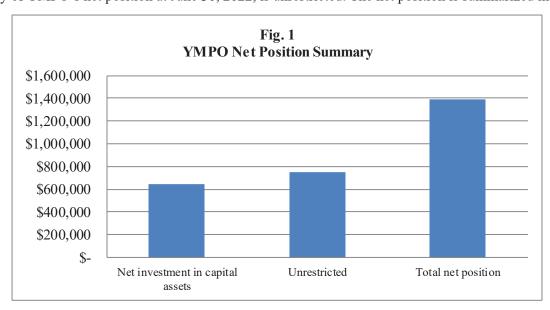
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)
Required Supplementary Information
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis (Continued)**

The following table presents a condensed statement of YMPO's net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021.

	Governmental Activities				
		2022	2021		
Current Assets	\$	1,295,048	\$	1,345,137	
Net OPEB asset		13,008		1,912	
Capital Assets, net		641,567		663,443	
Total Assets		1,949,623		2,010,492	
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>		93,230		102,219	
Current Liabilities		141,054		167,607	
Long-Term Liabilities		379,373		496,407	
<b>Total Liabilities</b>		520,427		664,014	
Deferred Inflows of Resources		128,558		3,821	
Net Position:					
Net Investment in Capital Assets		641,567		663,443	
Unrestricted		752,301		781,433	
<b>Total Net Position</b>	\$	1,393,868	\$	1,444,876	

The majority of YMPO's net position at June 30, 2022, is unrestricted. The net position is summarized in Figure 1.



YMPO did not have any restricted net position balances. The balance of net position not invested in capital assets, \$752,301, is unrestricted and may be used to meet YMPO's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis (Continued)**

YMPO's net position decreased by \$51,008 during the year ended June 30, 2022. This decrease is attributed primarily to an increase administration expenses.

Governmental activities. Significant changes in governmental activities included the following:

- Overall, YMPO's expenses, including highway and transit planning and administration, decreased by \$42,010 primarily due a decrease in contractual expenses for the long range traffic plan completion in FY2022.
- Total revenues increased by \$7,601 due to the increase in member fees, gain on the sale of a vehicle and a decrease in charges for services.

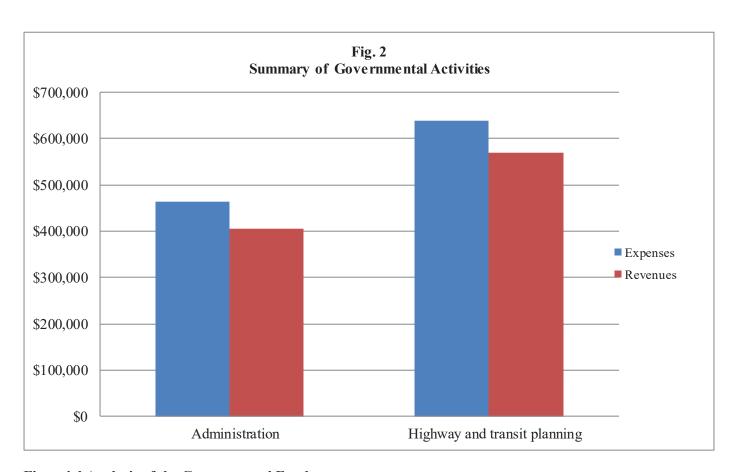
The following table presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021.

	Governmental Activities				
		2022	2021		
Revenues					
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	6,898	\$	12,402	
Operating grants and contributions		973,800		975,488	
General revenues:					
Member fees		62,864		46,924	
Investment earnings		3,111		9,430	
Other revenue		172		-	
Gain on disposal of asset		5,000		-	
Total revenues		1,051,845		1,044,244	
Expenses					
Administration		464,803		270,432	
Highway and transit planning		638,050		874,431	
Total expenses		1,102,853		1,144,863	
Decrease in net position		(51,008)		(100,619)	
Net position - beginning		1,444,876		1,545,495	
Net position - ending	\$	1,393,868	\$	1,444,876	

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)
Required Supplementary Information
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis (Continued)**

The distribution of revenues and expenses for the year ended June 30, 2022 within the governmental activities are summarized in Figure 2.



#### Financial Analysis of the Governmental Funds

As described earlier, YMPO uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of YMPO's governmental fund is to provide information on the near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing YMPO's financing requirements. In particular, unrestricted fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)
Required Supplementary Information
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### Financial Analysis of the Governmental Funds (Continued)

As of June 30, 2022, YMPO's governmental fund reported an ending fund balance of \$1,169,066 a decrease of \$45,607 from the prior year. The ending fund balance of \$1,169,066 consists of \$1,159,932 of assigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion.

**The Metropolitan Planning Fund** is the only operating fund of YMPO. As a measure of the Metropolitan Planning Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare assigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. YMPO has assigned its remaining fund balance as the balance is not restricted or committed otherwise and can be subsequently unassigned by the action of the Executive Board or Director when needed. Assigned fund balance represented 107.43% of the total Metropolitan Planning Fund expenditures.

Figures 3 and 4 describe the funding sources and amounts of both revenues and expenditures for the Metropolitan Planning Fund.

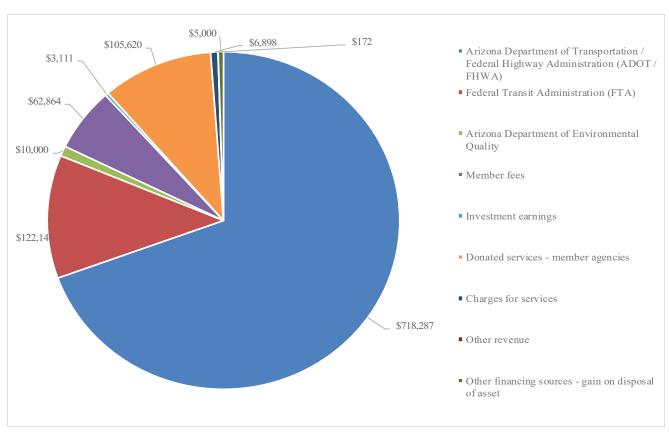
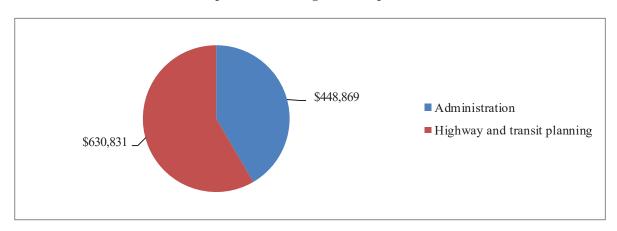


Fig. 3 Metropolitan Planning Fund Revenues

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)
Required Supplementary Information
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### Financial Analysis of the Governmental Funds (Continued)

Fig. 4
Metropolitan Planning Fund Expenditures



#### **Capital Assets**

YMPO's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2022 amounted to \$641,567 (net of accumulated depreciation). The investment in capital assets includes land, building, vehicles, furniture and equipment.

#### **Statement of Overall Financial Position**

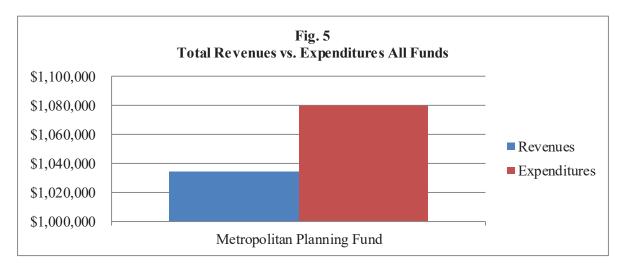
#### A) Metropolitan Planning Fund

YMPO Metropolitan Planning Fund's fund balance decreased by \$45,607 to \$1,169,066 for fiscal year 2022.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)
Required Supplementary Information
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### **Statement of Overall Financial Position (Continued)**

Overall, YMPO continues to meet both its highway and transportation planning obligations; however, Figure 5 shows that expenditures exceeded revenues in the current year for the Metropolitan Planning Fund due to an increase in expenditures for additional staff and supplies, while revenues remained consistent with the prior year.



#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget**

As a metropolitan planning organization, YMPO's focus is on multimodal transportation planning. YMPO will focus on administering its work program in a manner that reduces traffic accidents, transportation related fuel consumption, air pollution, and greenhouse gases while increasing transportation safety, clean energy, air quality and supporting sustainable communities, trade, and tourism.

YMPO will work at coordinating and integrating sustainable solutions and maintaining a continuing 24-year multiagency comprehensive transportation plan, while sustaining a communicative atmosphere that incorporates public involvement.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview for all those with an interest in YMPO finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Executive Director, Yuma Metropolitan Planning Organization, 230 West Morrison Street, Yuma, Arizona 85364.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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## Yuma Metropolitan Planning Organization Statement of Net Position

## June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities		
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$	805,211	
Receivables:			
Accounts		309	
Due from other governments		480,394	
Prepaid items and other assets		9,134	
Net other post retirement benefits asset		13,008	
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation of \$85,485)		641,567	
Total Assets		1,949,623	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows related to other post retirement benefits		2,337	
Deferred outflows related to pensions		90,893	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		93,230	
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable		32,083	
Accrued payroll and related liabilities		10,637	
Accrued expenses		458	
Retention payable		7,677	
Due to other governments		57,375	
Compensated absences payable - due within one year		32,824	
Compensated absences payable - due in more than one year		17,478	
Net other post retirement benefits liability - due in more than one year		557	
Aggregate net pension liability - due in more than one year		361,338	
Total Liabilities		520,427	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows related to other post retirement benefits		11,010	
Deferred inflows related to pensions		117,548	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		128,558	
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets		641,567	
Unrestricted		752,301	
Total Net Position	\$	1,393,868	

## Yuma Metropolitan Planning Organization Statement of Activities

## For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Program Revenues			Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities		
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions			
Primary Government Activities:								
Administration	\$	464,803	\$	-	\$	410,413	\$	(54,390)
Highway and transit planning		638,050		6,898		563,387		(67,765)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	1,102,853	\$	6,898	\$	973,800		(122,155)
	Gene	eral Revenues:						
	Member fees						62,864	
	Investment earnings						3,111	
	Gain on disposal of asset					5,000		
	Other revenue						172	
	Total general revenues					71,147		
	Change in net position					(51,008)		
	Net position - beginning					1,444,876		
	Net p	osition - ending	,				\$	1,393,868

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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# Balance Sheet Governmental Fund June 30, 2022

	etropolitan nning Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 805,211
Receivables:	
Accounts	309
Due from other governments	480,394
Prepaid items and other assets	 9,134
Total Assets	\$ 1,295,048
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE	
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 32,083
Accrued payroll and related accruals	10,637
Accrued expenses	458
Retention payable	7,677
Due to other governments	 57,375
Total Liabilities	 108,230
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Unavailable revenue	 17,752
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 17,752
FUND BALANCE:	
Nonspendable:	
Prepaid items and other assets	9,134
Assigned to:	
Highway and transit planning	 1,159,932
Total Fund Balance	 1,169,066
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and	
Fund Balance	\$ 1,295,048

# Yuma Metropolitan Planning Organization Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Fund to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Fund balance - total governmental fund - Balance Sheet	\$	1,169,066
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental fund.		641,567
Compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental fund.	l	(50,302)
Aggregate net OPEB asset in the governmental activities were not financial resources and, therefore were not reported in the governmental fund.	1	13,008
Actuarially determined deferred outflows of resources are reported in the government-wide statements:		
OPEB-related deferred outflows		2,337
Pension-related deferred outflows		90,893
Aggregate net OPEB liability is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not required to be reported in the governmental fund.	!	(557)
Aggregate net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not required to be reported in the governmental fund.	ļ	(361,338)
Actuarially determined deferred inflows of resources are reported in the government-wide statements:		
OPEB-related deferred inflows		(11,010)
Pension-related deferred inflows		(117,548)
Unavailable revenues recorded in the governmental fund financial statements resulting in activities in which revenues were earned but funds were not available were recorded as revenues in the Government-		17.750
Wide Financial Statements.		17,752
Net position of governmental activities - Statement of Net Position	\$	1,393,868

# Yuma Metropolitan Planning Organization Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance Governmental Fund

# For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES	Metropolitan Planning Fund
Intergovernmental:	
Arizona Department of Transportation/Federal Highway Administration	\$ 718,287
Federal Transit Administration	122,141
Arizona Department of Environmental Quality	10,000
Member fees	62,864
Investment earnings	3,111
Charges for services	6,898
Donated services - YMPO member agencies	105,620
Other revenue	172
Total Revenues	1,029,093
EXPENDITURES	
Current:	
Administration	448,869
Highway and transit planning	630,831
Total Expenditures	1,079,700
Change in fund balance	(50,607)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	
Gain on disposal of asset	5,000
Total Other Financing Sources	5,000
Net change in fund balance	(45,607)
Fund Balance - beginning	1,214,673
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 1,169,066

# Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance Governmental Fund to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

nounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of Activities are different occause.	
Net change in fund balance - governmental fund	\$ (45,607)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Current year depreciation expense	(21,876)
Compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	(490)
The net effect of various transactions involving pension plans (i.e. changes in the net pension liability, deferred inflow/outflow amortization, contributions after measurement date) does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental fund.	(3,060)
The net effect of various transactions involving OPEB plans (i.e. changes in the net OPEB liability, deferred inflow/outflow amortization, contributions after measurement date) does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental fund.	2,273
Unavailable revenues were reported as unearned revenue in the Governmental Fund but were reported as revenues in the Governmental-wide Financial Statements of Activities	17,752
Change in net position of governmental activities - Statement of Activities	\$ (51,008)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### **Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

The financial statements of the Yuma Metropolitan Planning Organization (YMPO) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The more significant of YMPO's accounting policies are described below:

#### A. Reporting Entity

YMPO is a quasi-governmental entity which was established on February 3, 1983 as the Yuma Metropolitan area's designated Metropolitan Planning Organization under federal law.

The membership of the Executive Board consists of members from towns, cities, a Native American Tribal Community in Yuma County, and from the County itself. It also includes nonvoting members from Winterhaven, California and various state and local agencies in California and Arizona. The Executive Board acts as a policy body coordinating transportation planning, traffic engineering, air quality conformity, and related implementation activities. It prepares reports to meet the requirements of several transportation and environmental oversight entities at the federal level.

The Board also has broad financial responsibilities, including the approval of the annual budget and the establishment of a system of accounting and budgetary controls.

#### B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) present financial information about YMPO as a whole. The reported information includes all of the nonfiduciary activities of YMPO. These statements are to distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of governments. YMPO reports only governmental activities in its government-wide financial statements. Governmental activities normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues and are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Net Position reports separate sections for Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources, when applicable.

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u> represent outflows of resources (consumption of net assets) that apply to future periods and, therefore, will not be recognized as an expense until that time.

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> represent inflows of resources (acquisition of net assets) that apply to future periods and, therefore, are not recognized as revenue until that time.

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> – The government-wide financial statements are reported using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

# Yuma Metropolitan Planning Organization **Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued)**

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### B. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements - Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, YMPO considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in the governmental fund.

Member fees, charges for services, and investment earnings associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Miscellaneous revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

Grants and similar awards are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor or provider have been met. Unearned revenues also arise when resources are received by YMPO before it has legal claim to them, such as when grant monies are received prior to meeting all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider.

Receivables that will not be collected within the availability period have also been reported as unavailable revenue on the governmental fund financial statements.

YMPO reports the following major governmental fund:

Metropolitan Planning Fund - Accounts for all resources used to finance YMPO's highway and transportation planning activities.

#### C. Cash and Investments

Cash – YMPO's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments - Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.) authorize YMPO to invest public monies in the State Treasurer's local government investment pools, the County Treasurer's investment pool, interest-bearing savings accounts, certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements in eligible depositories; bonds or other obligations of the U.S. government that are guaranteed as to principal and interest by the U.S. government; and bonds of the State of Arizona counties, cities, towns, school districts, and special districts as specified by statute. The statutes do not include any requirements for credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, or foreign currency risk.

#### D. Investment Earnings

Investment earnings are composed of interest, dividends, and net changes in the fair value of applicable investments.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### **Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

#### E. Prepaid Items

YMPO adopted the consumption method for accounting for prepaid items and reports prepaid items they purchased as an asset and defer the recognition of the expenditure until the period in which the prepaid items are actually consumed or used in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### F. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by YMPO as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of \$5,000 and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized.

Buildings are depreciated using the straight-line method over 40 years. Vehicles, furniture and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives of 5 years.

YMPO uses the "full-year" convention where a full year's depreciation is recorded in the year of acquisition, and no depreciation is recorded in the year of sale or disposal.

#### **G.** Compensated Absences

All regular full-time and part-time employees of YMPO are entitled to paid time off (PTO) for annual and sick leave. PTO begins to accrue immediately on employment according to the following schedule:

Years of Credited Services	Days per Year Based on 8-hour Day
0 to 1 year	24
1 to 4 years	25
4 to 10 years	28
10 to 15 years	31
15 to 20 years	32
20 years or more	33
Appointed Executive Director	33
Emergency, Seasonal, Temporary, Part-time	YMPO will allow accrual at the rate of .0333
less than 25%	hours for every hour worked.

There is no maximum accrual of PTO leave for regular status employees. For emergency, seasonal and temporary employees there is a maximum rollover each calendar year of 40 hours. Unused PTO will be paid at the time of termination up to 400 hours for benefit eligible employees and 40 hours for emergency, seasonal and temporary employees who are partially benefit eligible at the time of termination of employment at the current rate of pay.

The current and long-term liability related benefits for PTO are reported on the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts, including related benefits, is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### **Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

#### H. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the plans and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans (Note 9). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The following timeframes are used for pension reporting:

Arizona State Retirement System

Valuation Date June 30, 2020 Measurement Date June 30, 2021

Measurement Period July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021

Gains and losses related to changes in total pension liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in pension expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in pension expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and are to be recognized in future pension expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized straight-line over 5 years. All other amounts are amortized straight-line over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) as of the beginning of the measurement period.

#### I. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the plans and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans (Note 9). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The following timeframes are used for OPEB reporting:

Arizona State Retirement System

Valuation Date June 30, 2020 Measurement Date June 30, 2021

Measurement Period July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in pension expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### **Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

#### I. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized straight-line over 5 years. All other amounts are amortized straight-line over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) as of the beginning of the measurement period.

#### J. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### K. Net Position/Fund Balance Classifications

**Net Position** – Government-wide financial statements classify net position as invested in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or b) imposed by law through state statute.

**Fund Balance** – In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications based on a hierarchy of the constraints placed on the use of those resources. The classifications are based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how the specific amounts can be spent. The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

*Nonspendable*. The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, (such as prepaid items), or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted. Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed. The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action of the Executive Board. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Executive Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those accounts through ordinances or resolutions.

Assigned. Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by YMPO for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. Assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Executive Board or a management official delegated that authority by the formal Executive Board action. The Executive Board has delegated this authority to the Executive Director.

*Unassigned*. The unassigned classification is the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### L. Fund Balance Policies

YMPO applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned amounts are available. Similarly, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the remaining fund balance classifications could be used.

#### M. Program Revenues

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or members who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and fees that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Member fees for general purposes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

#### N. Donated Services

Donated services from member agencies are recorded based on the following estimates. The hourly wage is based off of the current Metropolitan and Nonmetropolitan Area Occupational Employment and Wage Estimates for Civil Engineers or actual hourly wage information if available. Mileage is used as an in-kind contribution from the Technical Advisory Committee and Regional Mobility Committee Members which is calculated at \$0.56 and \$0.585 per mile from July 1, 2021 – December 31, 2021, and January 1, 2022 – June 30, 2022, respectively.

#### O. Implementation of New GASB Pronouncements

During fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, YMPO has implemented the following GASB pronouncements:

- In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, Leases (GASB Statement No. 87), to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It also establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Application of this statement did not have an effect on YMPO's fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.
- In January 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*. The primary objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. Application of this statement did not have an effect on YMPO's fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

#### **Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

#### O. Implementation of New GASB Pronouncements (Continued)

- In March 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates. Some governments have entered into agreements in which variable payments made or received depend on an interbank offered rate (IBOR)—most notably, the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR). As a result of global reference rate reform, LIBOR is expected to cease to exist in its current form at the end of 2021, prompting governments to amend or replace financial instruments for the purpose of replacing LIBOR with other reference rates, by either changing the reference rate or adding or changing fallback provisions related to the reference rate. The objective of this Statement is to address those and other accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an IBOR. Application of this statement did not have an effect on YMPO's fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.
- In June 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a Supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. The primary objectives of this Statement are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. Application of this statement did not have an effect on YMPO's fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

YMPO is currently analyzing its accounting practices to determine the potential impact on the financial statements for the following upcoming GASB Statements:

- In May 2019, GASB issued Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations (GASB Statement No. 91), to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. GASB Statement No. 91 is effective for YMPO's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.
- In March 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). As used in this Statement, a PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Application of this statement is effective for YMPO's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.

#### **Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

#### O. Implementation of New GASB Pronouncements (Continued)

- In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended. Application of this statement is effective for YMPO's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.
- In April 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*. The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. Application of this statement is effective for YMPO's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.
- In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. Application of this statement is effective for YMPO's fiscal year ending June 30, 2024.
- In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. Application of this statement is effective for YMPO's fiscal year ending June 30, 2025.

#### Note 2 – Cash and Investments

Arizona Revised Statutes authorize YMPO to invest public monies in the State or County Treasurers' investment pools; interest-bearing savings accounts, certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements in eligible depositories; bonds or other obligations of the United States government that are guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States government; and bonds of the state of Arizona counties, cities, towns, school districts, and special districts as specified by statute.

YMPO utilizes Yuma County (County Treasurer) as its repository for cash and allows their pool to invest its funds; accordingly, YMPO does not have its own formal investment policy with respect to credit risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, or foreign currency risk for investments.

Cash on Hand and Deposits – At June 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the total cash in bank was \$133,418 and the bank balance was \$152,255 of which all are insured or collateralized. In addition, total cash on hand was \$150.

**Investments** – YMPO's investments at June 30, 2022 are categorized within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset.

## Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### Note 2 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets
- Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs
- Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs

YMPO's investments at June 30, 2022, with the Yuma County Treasurer's investment pool (Pool) was \$671,643. The Pool is not categorized within the fair value hierarchy.

The Pool is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and there is no regulatory oversight of their operations. A portion of the of the Pool is invested in the State of Arizona's local government investment pool which is regulated by the State Board of Investment. The pool's structure does not provide for shares, and the counties have not provided or obtained any legally binding guarantees to support the value of the participants' investments. The Treasurer determines the fair value of the pooled investments annually at June 30 which approximates the fair value of the participant's position in the Pool.

Interest is allocated based on average month-end balance of each entity invested in the pool.

*Credit risk* - At June 30, 2022, all of YMPO's investments were invested in the Yuma County investment pool which is not rated by rating agencies.

Custodial credit risk – For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the counterparty's failure, YMPO will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. External investment pools are not exposed to custodial credit risk because their existence is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

*Interest rate risk* – At June 30, 2022, YMPO's investments can be withdrawn from the pools at will and therefore, are not subject to a significant amount of interest rate risk.

Foreign currency risk – YMPO does not have a formal investment policy with respect to foreign currency risk because state statutes do not allow for foreign investments.

A reconciliation of cash, deposits and investments to the amounts reported on the statement of net position follows:

	Governmenta Funds		
Petty cash	\$	150	
Cash in bank		133,418	
Investment in the Yuma County Treasurer's			
investment pool		671,643	
Total cash and investments	\$	805,211	

### Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

### Note 3 – Due from Other Governments

Due from other governments as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Agency	
Arizona Department of Transportation	\$ 373,421
U.S. Department of Transportation	57,301
City of Yuma	36,579
Arizona Department of Environment Quality	10,000
Couty of Yuma	3,093

Total due from other governments \$ 480,394

Management considers all receivables at June 30, 2022, to be fully collectible; therefore, no allowance for doubtful accounts was recorded.

#### Note 4 – Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, follows:

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance Increase		Increase Decrease		ecrease	Ending Balance																																						
Capital assets, not depreciated: Land	\$	68,532	\$	\$ -		\$ -		\$ -		\$ -		\$ -		\$ -		\$ -		\$ -		\$ -		\$ -		\$ -		\$ -		\$ -		\$ -		\$ -		\$ -		\$ -		\$ -		\$ -		_	\$	68,532
Total capital assets not depreciated		68,532		_		_		68,532																																				
Capital assets, being depreciated: Building Vehicles Furniture and equipment		581,849 88,003 6,711		- - -		(18,043)		581,849 69,960 6,711																																				
Total capital assets being depreciated		676,563				(18,043)		658,520																																				
Less accumulated depreciation for: Building Vehicles Furniture and equipment		(6,061) (69,777) (5,814)		(14,547) (6,432) (897)		18,043		(20,608) (58,166) (6,711)																																				
Total accumulated depreciation		(81,652)		(21,876)		18,043		(85,485)																																				
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		594,911		(21,876)		-		573,035																																				
Total capital assets, net	\$	663,443	\$	(21,876)	\$		\$	641,567																																				

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Administration	\$ 15,444
Highway and transit and planning	 6,432
	\$ 21,876

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### Note 5 – Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

									Du	ie Within	Du	e in More
	В	eginning						Ending		One	T	han One
Governmental Activities		Balance	A	dditions	Re	eductions		Balance		Year		Year
Compensated absences	\$	49,812	\$	54,620	\$	(54,130)	\$	50,302	\$	32,824	\$	17,478
Net other post employment benefits liability		2,071		-		(1,514)		557		-		557
Net pension liability		481,667		_		(120,329)	_	361,338		_		361,338
Total Governmental Activities	\$	533,550	\$	54,620	\$	(175,973)	\$	412,197	\$	32,824	\$	379,373

#### **Note 6 - Economic Dependency**

YMPO received 6 percent of its revenues from dues paid by its member organizations, 12 percent of its revenues from the Federal Transit Administration and 70 percent of its revenues from the Federal Highway Administration passed through the Arizona Department of Transportation for the year ended June 30, 2022.

#### Note 7 - Risk Management

YMPO is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

YMPO carried commercial insurance for all risks of loss, including property and liability, workers' compensation, and employee health and accident insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### Note 8 – Donated Services

For the period ended June 30, 2022, YMPO received donated services totaling \$105,620 from member agencies, which includes Yuma County and YMPO's Technical Advisory and Regional Mobility Committee Members. In accordance with the Yuma County cost allocation plan, Yuma County donated services consisted of 9.48% of the federally reimbursable expenditures processed through the Yuma County's Finance Department. YMPO's Technical Advisory and Regional Mobility Committee donated services consists of any time allocated to any YMPO related items that need comment and/or review. This time is also from attending any Technical Advisory Committee or Regional Mobility meeting. The hourly wage is based off of the current Metropolitan and Nonmetropolitan Area Occupational Employment and Wage Estimates for Civil Engineers. YMPO's method to determine the hourly wage is based on using actual hourly wages of the donated services. If the actual hourly wage information is unavailable then the current Metropolitan and Nonmetropolitan Area Occupational Employment and Wage Estimates for Civil Engineers is used. Mileage is used as an in-kind contribution from the Technical Advisory and Regional Mobility Committee Members which is calculated at \$0.56 and \$0.585 per mile from July 1, 2021 – December 31, 2021, and January 1, 2022 – June 30, 2022, respectively.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### Note 9 - Retirement Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits

YMPO and employees contribute to the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS). Benefits are established based on contributions to the plan.

#### **Plan Description**

The ASRS administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan, and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit long-term disability (OPEB) plan.

The Arizona State Retirement System Board governs the ASRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Articles 2 and 2.1. The ASRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on its Web site at <a href="https://www.azasrs.gov">www.azasrs.gov</a>.

#### **Benefits Provided**

The ASRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, long-term disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

	Retirement Initial					
	Membership Date:					
	Before July 1, 2011	On or After July 1, 2011				
	Sum of years and age equals 80					
	or more	30 years, age 55				
Years of credited service	10 years, age 62	25 years, age 60				
and age requirement to	5 years, age 50*	10 years, age 62				
receive benefit	Any years, age 65	5 years, age 50*				
		Any years, age 65				
Final average salary is	Highest 36 months of last	Highest 60 months of last				
based on	120 months	120 months				
Benefit percent per year of service	2.1% to 2.3%	2.1% to 2.3%				
	*With actuarially reduced					
	benefits					

Retirement benefits for members who joined the ASRS prior to September 13, 2013, are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earnings. Members with a membership date on or after September 13, 2013, are not eligible for cost-of-living adjustments. Survivor benefits are payable upon a member's death. For retired members, the survivor benefit is determined by the retirement benefit option chosen. For all other members, the beneficiary is entitled to the member's account balance that includes the member's contributions and employer's contributions, plus interest earned.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### Note 9 - Retirement Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

#### **Benefits Provided (Continued)**

Health insurance premium benefits are available to retired or disabled members with 5 years of credited service. The benefits are payable only with respect to allowable health insurance premiums for which the member is responsible. For members with 10 or more years of service, benefits range from \$100 per month to \$260 per month depending on the age of the member and dependents. For members with 5 to 9 years of service, the benefits are the same dollar amounts as above multiplied by a vesting fraction based on completed years of service.

Active members are eligible for a monthly long-term disability benefit equal to two-thirds of monthly earnings. Members receiving benefits continue to earn service credit up to their normal retirement dates. Members with long-term disability commencement dates after June 30, 1999, are limited to 30 years of service or the service on record as of the effective disability date if their service is greater than 30 years.

#### **Employees Covered**

At June 30, 2022, YMPO had 6 active and contributing employees that were covered by the benefit terms of the Plan. There was 1 return to work retiree with the Alternative Contribution rate (ACR) contribution by the employer only. As of the date of the audit report, there were no transferred/separated or retired employees receiving benefits.

#### **Contributions**

In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine active member and employer contribution requirements. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. For the year ended June 30, 2022, active ASRS members were required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 12.41 percent (12.22 percent for retirement and 0.19 percent for long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll, and YMPO was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 12.41 percent (12.01 percent for retirement, 0.21 percent for health insurance premium benefit, and 0.19 percent for long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll. In addition, YMPO, was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 10.22 percent (10.13 for retirement and 0.09 percent for long-term disability) of annual covered payroll of retired members who worked in positions that would typically be filled by an employee who contributes to ASRS.

YMPO's contributions to the pension, health insurance premium benefit, and the long-term disability plans for the year ended June 30, 2022, were as follows:

	Contribut	ions - employer
Pension plan	\$	37,927
Health benefit supplement plan		633
Long-term disability plan		588
	\$	39,148

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### Note 9 - Retirement Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

#### <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions/OPEB</u> Plans

At June 30, 2022, YMPO reported pension and OPEB (asset) / liabilities for the following:

	1	on / OPEB (asset) liability
Pension plan Health benefit supplement plan Long-term disability plan	\$	361,338 (13,008) 557
Total	\$	348,887

The net pension and OPEB asset / liability were measured as of June 30, 2021. The total pension and OPEB asset / liability used to calculate the net pension and OPEB asset / liability was determined using update procedures to roll forward the total pension and OPEB asset / liability from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, to the measurement date of June 30, 2021. The total liabilities as of June 30, 2021, reflect changes in actuarial assumptions based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2020, including decreasing the discount rate from 7.5 percent to 7.0 percent and changing the projected salary increases from 2.7–7.2 percent to 2.9–8.4 percent.

YMPO's proportion of the net asset or net liability was based on the YMPO's actual contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating employers' contributions for the year ended June 30, 2021. The County's proportions measured as of June 30, 2021, and the change from its proportions measured as of June 30, 2020, were:

	Increase /
Proportion	(Decrease) from
June 30, 2021	June 30, 2021
0.00275%	(0.00003%)
0.00267%	(0.00003%)
0.00270%	(0.00003%)
	June 30, 2021 0.00275% 0.00267%

YMPO recognized pension / OPEB expenses for the pension, health insurance premium benefit, and the long-term disability plans for the year ended June 30, 2022:

	Pension /	OPEB expenses
Pension plan	\$	40,987
Health benefit supplement plan		(545)
Long-term disability plan		(507)
	\$	39,935

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### Note 9 - Retirement Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

# <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions/OPEB Plans (Continued)</u>

At June 30, 2022, YMPO reported deferred outflows / inflows of resources related to pension, health insurance premium benefit, and the long-term disability plans from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources										
	Pe	nsion Plan		th Benefit ement Plan	Long-Term Disability Plan						
Governmental Activities:											
Pension contributions made after the measurement date Difference between projected and actual investments earnings	\$	37,927 5,508	\$	633	\$	588 161					
Changes in assumptions or other inputs  Difference between expected and actual experience  Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions		47,031		645		178					
and proportionate share of contributions		427		13		119					
Total Pension and OPEB - Related Deferred Outflows	\$	90,893	\$	1,291	\$	1,046					
		Des	ferred Inf	lows of Resour	rces						
	Pe	nsion Plan		th Benefit ement Plan		ng-Term bility Plan					
Governmental Activities:					•						
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions or Other Inputs	\$	-	\$	(4,511) (526)	\$	(45) (702)					
Difference between projected and actual investments earnings Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions		(114,485)		(4,825)		(386)					
and proportionate share of contributions		(3,063)		<u>-</u>		(15)					
Total Pension and OPBEB -Related Deferred Inflows	\$	(117,548)	\$	(9,862)	\$	(1,148)					

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ASRS pensions and OPEB resulting from YMPO contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net asset or a reduction of the net liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension, health insurance premium benefit, and the long-term disability plans will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Deferred Outflows / (Inflows) of Resources											
			alth Benefit	L	ong-Term						
Year Ended June 30,	P	ension Plan	plement Plan	Dis	ability Plan						
2023	\$	260	\$	(2,152)	\$	(80)					
2024		(152)		(2,069)		(75)					
2025		(25,238)		(2,270)		(89)					
2026		(39,452)		(2,510)		(147)					
2027		-		(203)		(60)					
Thereafter						(239)					
Total	\$	(64,582)	\$	(9,204)	\$	(690)					

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### Note 9 - Retirement Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

#### Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Total Pension and OPEB (Asset) / Liability

For the measurement period ended June 30, 2021, (the measurement date), the total pension liability was determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2020, total pension liability.

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal in accordance with the requirement of GASB Statement No. 68

Actuarial Assumptions:

Inflation 2.3%

Projected Salary Increases 2.9 - 8.4% For pensions / not applicable for OPEB

Investment Rate of Return 7.0% Net of Pension and OPEB Plan Investment and Administrative Expenses; includes inflation

Mortality Rate Table 2017 SRA Scale U-MP for pensions and health insurance premium benefit

Recovery Rates 2012 GLDT For Long-Term Disability

Healthcare Cost Trend Rate Not applicable

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on ASRS plan investments was determined to be 7.0 percent using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target Asset	Real Rate Geometric
Asset Class	Allocation	Basis
Equity	50%	4.90%
Fixed income - credit	20%	5.20%
Fixed income - interest rate sensitive	10%	0.70%
Real estate	20%	5.70%
Total	100%	

#### **Discount Rate**

At June 30, 2021, the discount rate used to measure the total pension and OPEB asset / liability was 7.0%, which was a decrease of 0.5 from the discount rate used as of June 30, 2020. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the funding policy of the ASRS Board, which establishes the contractually required rate under Arizona statute. Based on those assumptions, the Retirement Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all the projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension / OPEB liability.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

#### Note 9 - Retirement Plans and Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

# Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension and OPEB (Asset) Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents YMPO's proportionate share of the net pension and OPEB (asset) / liability for the Arizona State Retirement System Plan, calculated using the discount rate for the Arizona State Retirement System Plan, as well as what YMPO's proportionate share of the net pension and OPEB (asset) / liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

		Plan's Aggregate Net Position (Asset) Liability													
	Disco	unt Rate - 1% (6.0%)		ent Discount ate (7.0%)	Discount Rate + 1% (8.0%)										
Pension plan	\$	568,354	\$	361,338	\$	188,743									
Health benefit supplement plan	\$	(8,613)	\$	(13,008)	\$	(16,746)									
Long-term disability plan	\$	726	\$	557	\$	394									

#### **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about each pension and OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued report at <a href="https://www.azasrs.gov">www.azasrs.gov</a>.

#### Payable to the Pension and OPEB Plan

At June 30, 2022, YMPO reported a payable of \$2,074 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension and OPEB plan required for the year ended June 30, 2022.

#### Note 10 – Commitments and Contingencies

#### A. Litigation

Legal claims and lawsuits arise from time to time in the normal course of business which, in the opinion of management, will have no material effect on YMPO's financial position.

#### B. Grants

Amounts received or receivable from granting agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. While no matters of non-compliance were disclosed by the audit of the financial statements, grantor agencies may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests, which may result in disallowed costs. In the opinion of management, future disallowances of current or prior grant expenditures, if any, would not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of YMPO.

#### **Note 11 – Subsequent Events**

Subsequent events are events or transactions that occur after the statement of financial position date but before financial statements are available to be issued. The Organization recognizes in the financial statements the effects of all subsequent events that provide additional evidence about conditions that existed at the date of the statement of financial position, including estimates inherent in the process of preparing the financial statements. YMPO's financial statements do not recognize subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that did not exist at the date of the statement of financial position but arose after the statement of financial position date and before financial statements are available to be issued.

Subsequent events have been evaluated by management through January 19, 2023, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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**BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES** 

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# Yuma Metropolitan Planning Organization Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance Budget and Actual

# Metropolitan Planning Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

				Variance with Final Budget			
		Original	Final	Acti	ual Amounts		Positive/ Negative)
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental:							
Arizona Department of Transportation /							
Federal Highway Administration	\$	891,802	\$ 1,292,129	\$	718,287	\$	(573,842)
Federal Transit Administration		182,409	179,136		122,141		(56,995)
Arizona Department of							
Environmental Quality		10,000	10,000		10,000		-
Member fees		43,053	68,053		62,864		(5,189)
Investment earnings		-	-		3,111		3,111
Charges for services:							
Traffic count revenues		13,099	13,099		6,898		(6,201)
Donated services - member agencies		142,224	181,151		105,620		(75,531)
Other income			 110,000		172		(109,828)
Total Revenues		1,282,587	 1,853,568		1,029,093		(824,475)
EXPENDITURES							
Administration		436,595	518,031		448,869		69,162
Highway and transit planning		845,992	1,335,537		630,831		704,706
Capital outlay					-		-
Total Expenditures		1,282,587	1,853,568		1,079,700		773,868
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
Gain on disposal of asset		-	-		5,000		5,000
Total Other Financing Sources					5,000		5,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	-		(45,607)	\$	(45,607)
FUND BALANCE:							
Beginnng of year					1,214,673		1,214,673
End of year	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	1,169,066	\$	1,169,066

# Yuma Metropolitan Planning Organization Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2022

#### Note 1 – Budgetary Basis of Accounting

YMPO's budget is prepared on a basis consistent with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles with the exception of expenditures which are budgeted by grant purpose rather than by functional expenditures and in-kind services.

#### Note 2 – Budgetary Control

YMPO bylaws require the executive director to provide a budget that is reviewed and approved by the board of directors. YMPO's board of directors retains the right and authority to modify the proposed budget in its entirety or on a line-item basis. An annual appropriated budget is adopted for YMPO on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is maintained at the category level. The annual budget is sub-divided into categories 100 through 1000 in increments of 100 (and sub-increments and sub-categories) and these categories address different components of the YMPO mission. Category 100 addresses Administration and Management (and is the largest category). Further categories address Air Quality (200); Transportation Planning and Programming (generally short-term) subjects (300); Regional Coordination (400); Special Projects Planning (500); Long Range Planning subjects (600); Public Participation (700); Transit Planning (800); Environmental Planning (900) and Capital Expenditures (1000). YMPO By-Laws require the adoption of an annual YMPO budget and the Executive Director and Accountant present this to the Executive Board a month or two prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, which starts on July 1.

In practice, the Executive Director, in conjunction with the YMPO Accountant and with input from the Senior Planning Manager, develops the annual budget and presents the document to the Board for review and/or approval. This budget is developed based on projections of carry-over and new federal funding and on an expectation of local matching funds from member agencies.

As part of the on-going budget tracking process, the Director and the Accountant occasionally prepare a few amendments throughout the year, usually based on when confirmation of federal authorizations and/or appropriations occur. These amendments concentrate on changes that need to occur across category boundaries and do not normally address any changes that occur within category limits.

For example, Category 100 contains subaccounts for administrative and management needs, if the furniture and equipment budget is underbudgeted but the training budget has more than it needs, then funds can be transferred within the T100 category and an amendment is not needed, providing the overall 100 category total is not exceeded and the funds can be transferred from another sub-category within 100. However, if a Study under the 400 Regional Planning category needs additional funds and the 500 Special Projects category has funds available, an amendment, with Board approval, would be needed to transfer the funds from one category to the other.

In practice, all transfers within categories are notified to the Board as part of a memo-tracking system between the Accountant and the Director. Further, a similar memo-tracking mechanism is used to notify the Board of any transfers needed between categories when an amendment is required.

# **Required Supplementary Information**

# Schedule of the Organization's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Last Ten Fiscal Years

#### Arizona State Retirement System ("ASRS") Pension Plan

Measurement Period	June 30, 2021 <sup>1</sup>		June 30, 2020 <sup>1</sup>		Jur	ne 30, 2019 <sup>1</sup>	Jun	ne 30, 2018 <sup>1</sup>	Jun	e 30, 2017 <sup>1</sup>
Organization's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability		0.00275%		0.00278%		0.00277%		0.00261%		0.07980%
Organization's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	361,338	\$	481,667	\$	403,067	\$	364,003	\$	345,833
Organization's Covered Payroll	\$	311,302	\$	305,961	\$	275,501	\$	243,859	\$	215,897
Organization's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Its Covered Payroll		116.07%		157.43%		146.30%		149.27%		160.18%
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		78.58%		69.33%		73.24%		73.40%		69.92%

#### Notes to Schedule:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Historical information is presented only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable.

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# Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Organization's Pension Contributions Last Ten Fiscal Years<sup>1</sup>

#### Arizona State Retirement System ("ASRS") Pension Plan

	2	2021-22		2020-21		2019-20		2018-19		2017-18		2016-17
Statutorily required contribution	\$	37,927	\$	37,667	\$	34,805	\$	30,801	\$	26,581	\$	23,322
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution		(37,927)		(37,667)		(34,805)		(30,801)		(26,581)		(23,322)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Covered payroll	\$	318,453	\$	311,302	\$	305,691	\$	275,501	\$	243,859	\$	215,897
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		11.91%		12.10%		11.39%		11.18%		10.90%		10.80%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Historical information is presented only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable.

#### Notes to Schedule

Valuation date: 6/30/2020

# Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Organization's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability and Related Ratios Last Ten Fiscal Years

#### Arizona State Retirement System ("ASRS") Health Insurance Premium Benefit

Measurement Period	June 30, 2021 <sup>1</sup>		June 30, 2020 <sup>1</sup>		June 30, 2019 <sup>1</sup>		Jun	e 30, 2018 <sup>1</sup>	June 30, 2017	
Organization's Proportion of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability		0.00267%		0.00270%		0.00270%		0.25400%		0.00216%
Organization's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability	\$	(13,008)	\$	(1,912)	\$	(746)	\$	(915)	\$	(1,176)
Organization's Covered Payroll	\$	311,302	\$	305,961	\$	275,501	\$	243,859	\$	215,897
Organization's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability as a Percentage of Its Covered Payroll		(4.18%)		(0.62%)	_	(0.27%)		(0.38%)		(0.54%)
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Health Insurance Premium Benefit Program Assets as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	s	130.24%		104.33%		101.62%		102.20%		103.57%

#### Notes to Schedule:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Historical information is presented only for measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable.

# Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Organization's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability and Related Ratios (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

#### Arizona State Retirement System ("ASRS") Long-Term Disability

Measurement Period	Jun	June 30, 2021 <sup>1</sup>		June 30, 2020 <sup>1</sup>		June 30, 2019 <sup>1</sup>		June 30, 2018 <sup>1</sup>		e 30, 2017 <sup>1</sup>
Organization's Proportion of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability		0.00270%		0.00273%		0.00272%		0.26000%		0.00219%
Organization's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability	\$	557	\$	2,071	\$	1,772	\$	1,359	\$	794
Organization's Covered Payroll	\$	311,302	\$	305,961	\$	275,501	\$	243,859	\$	215,897
Organization's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability as a Percentage of Its Covered Payroll	_	0.18%	_	0.68%		0.64%		0.56%		0.37%
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Long-Term Disability Program Assets as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		90.38%		68.01%		72.85%		77.83%		84.44%

#### Notes to Schedule:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Historical information is presented only for measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable.

# Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Organization's OPEB Contributions Last Ten Fiscal Years<sup>1</sup>

#### Arizona State Retirement System ("ASRS") Health Insurance Premium Benefit Plan

	2021-22		2020-21		2019-20		2018-19		2017-18		2016-17	
Statutorily required contribution Contributions in relation to the statutorily required	\$	633	\$	1,141	\$	1,413	\$	1,267	\$	1,073	\$	1,165
contribution		(633)		(1,141)		(1,413)		(1,267)		(1,073)		(1,165)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-
Covered payroll	\$	318,453	\$	311,302	\$	305,961	\$	275,501	\$	243,859	\$	215,897
Contributions as a percentage of covered- payroll		0.20%		0.37%		0.46%		0.46%		0.44%		0.54%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Historical information is presented only for measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable.

#### Notes to Schedule

Valuation date: 6/30/2020

# Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Organization's OPEB Contributions (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years<sup>1</sup>

#### Arizona State Retirement System ("ASRS") Long-Term Disability Plan

	2021-22		2020-21		2019-20		2018-19		2017-18		2016-17	
Statutorily required contribution Contributions in relation to the statutorily required	\$	588	\$	540	\$	501	\$	441	\$	390	\$	298
contribution		(588)		(540)		(501)		(441)		(390)		(298)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$		\$	-	\$	-
Covered payroll	\$	318,453	\$	311,302	\$	305,961	\$	275,501	\$	243,859	\$	215,897
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.18%		0.17%		0.16%		0.16%		0.16%		0.14%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Historical information is presented only for measurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable.

#### Notes to Schedule

Valuation date: 6/30/2020

STATISTICAL SECTION

#### Index to Statistical Section June 30, 2021

This part of the Yuma Metropolitan Planning Organization's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial states, note disclosures, and required supplementary information say about the YMPO's overall financial health.

Contents	s:	Pages
	<u>Il Trends</u> - These tables contain information to help the reader understand how the YMPO's l performance and well-being have changed over time.	
IIIIaiiCiai	performance and wen-being have changed over time.	
1.	Net Position by Components	65
2.	Change in Net Position	66
3.	Fund Balances of Governmental Fund	67
4.	Change in Fund Balance of Governmental Fund	68
	<u>Capacity</u> - These tables contain information to help the reader assess the YMPO's most ant revenue source.	
5.	Member Dues	70
6.	Principal Members	71
_	aphic and Economic Information - These tables offer demographic and economic indicators to reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place.	
7. 8.	Demographics Statistics - Populations and Employment Top Employers in Yuma County, Arizona	72 73
how the	ng Information - These tables contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand information in the YMPO's financial report relates to the services the YMPO provides and the sit performs.	
9.	Full-Time Equivalent District Employees by Function	74

Note: The YMPO has no debt; therefore, does not present information about debt capacity.

# Yuma Metropolitan Planning Organization Table 1 - Net Position by Components (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year																
		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019	2020	2021	2022
Governmental activities:																	
Invested in capital assets Unrestricted	\$	34,314 1,331,811	\$	18,035 1,425,888	\$	8,913 1,493,829	\$	4,456 1,556,386	\$	6,265 1,718,354	\$	4,923 1,655,588	\$	34,671 1,632,791	\$ 26,897 1,518,598	\$ 663,443 781,433	\$ 641,567 752,301
Total governmental activities - net position	\$	1,366,125	\$	1,443,923	\$	1,502,742	\$	1,560,842	\$	1,724,619	\$	1,660,511	\$	1,667,462	\$ 1,545,495	\$ 1,444,876	\$ 1,393,868

# Table 2 - Change in Net Position (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year												
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022			
Governmental activities:													
Revenues													
Program Revenues:													
Charges for services	\$ 11,814	\$ 9,608	\$ 13,306	\$ 10,271	\$ 112	\$ 771	\$ 28,948	\$ 10,323	\$ 12,402	\$ 6,898			
Operating grants and contributions	1,288,734	723,749	805,786	856,068	900,865	626,692	888,408	837,682	975,488	973,800			
General Revenues:													
Member fees	166,087	61,369	61,369	90,171	90,171	78,397	85,343	80,405	46,924	62,864			
Investment earnings	5,897	4,459	6,439	7,488	7,597	16,252	23,471	34,476	9,430	3,111			
Gain on sale of asset	-	7,500	-	-	-	-	2,300	-	-	5,000			
Miscellaneous reimbursements-YCIPTA	-	53,173	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Other revenue	44,806	21,504	302	10	626					172			
Total revenues	1,517,338	881,362	887,202	964,008	999,371	722,112	1,028,470	962,886	1,044,244	1,051,845			
Expenses													
Administration	428,640	347,328	258,138	267,016	235,250	271,967	301,303	292,179	270,432	464,803			
Highway and transit planning	968,382	456,236	570,245	638,892	600,344	514,253	720,216	792,674	874,431	638,050			
Total expenses	1,397,022	803,564	828,383	905,908	835,594	786,220	1,021,519	1,084,853	1,144,863	1,102,853			
Excess/ (deficiency) of revenues over													
expenses	120,316	77,798	58,819	58,100	163,777	(64,108)	6,951	(121,967)	(100,619)	(51,008)			
Transfers out	(1,896,416)					_							
Change in Net Position	\$(1,776,100) 4	\$ 77,798	\$ 58,819	\$ 58,100	\$ 163,777	\$ (64,108)	\$ 6,951	\$ (121,967)	\$ (100,619)	\$ (51,008)			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1,2</sup> YMPO total net asset decreased, attributed to the depreciation of capital assets.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Effective July 1, 2012, Yuma County Intergovernmental Public Transportation Authority (YCIPTA) is no longer reported in the financial statements of YMPO since it no longer depends on YMPO for its funding.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Decrease in Net position is attributed to the transfer out of all transit related assets, liabilities and fund balance to YCIPTA.

# Yuma Metropolitan Planning Organization Table 3 - Fund Balances of Governmental Fund (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years

#### (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year													
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022				
Metropolitan planning fund														
Nonspendable	\$ 4,552	\$ 690	\$ 9,628	\$ 1,267	\$ -	\$ 1,831	\$ 1,788	\$ 2,467	\$ 2,507	\$ 9,134				
Assigned	1,331,340	1,435,223	1,495,257	1,575,839	1,703,991	1,744,912	1,838,585	1,871,647	1,212,166	1,159,932				
Total metropolitan planning fund	\$ 1,335,892	\$ 1,435,913	\$ 1,504,885	\$ 1,577,106	\$ 1,703,991	\$ 1,746,743	\$ 1,840,373	\$ 1,874,114	\$ 1,214,673	\$ 1,169,066				

## Yuma Metropolitan Planning Organization Table 4 - Change in Fund Balance of Governmental Fund (Unaudited) **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

#### (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Revenues					
Intergovernmental:					
Arizona Department of Transportation/Federal Highway Admin	\$ 1,123,451	\$ 494,953	\$ 555,184	\$ 494,368	\$ 520,296
Federal Transit Administration	44,150	161,194	150,124	288,781	305,600
Local Transportation Assistance Fund II					
Arizona Department of Environmental Quality	10,000	10,000	10,000	8,000	10,000
Member fees	166,087	61,369	61,369	90,171	90,171
Investment earnings	5,897	4,459	6,439	7,488	7,597
Charges for services	11,814	9,608	13,306	10,271	112
Donated services - member agencies	111,133	57,602	90,478	64,919	64,969
Miscellaneous reimbursements - YCIPTA	-	53,173	-	-	-
Other revenue	50,772	21,504	302	10	626
Total revenues	1,523,304	873,862	887,202	964,008	999,371
Expenditures					
Current:					
Administration	455,390	333,244	252,546	255,123	267,882
Highway and transit planning	968,382	448,097	565,684	636,664	597,893
Capital outlay					6,711
Total expenditures	1,423,772	781,341	818,230	891,787	872,486
Change in fund balance	99,532	92,521	68,972	72,221	126,885
Other Financing Sources					
(Loss) gain on disposal of asset	(636,155)	7,500			
Total other financing sources	(636,155)	7,500			
Net change in fund balance	(536,623) 1	100,021	68,972	72,221	126,885
Fund Balance - beginning	1,872,515	1,335,892	1,435,913	1,504,885	1,577,106
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 1,335,892	\$ 1,435,913	\$ 1,504,885	\$ 1,577,106	\$ 1,703,991

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Decrease net change fund balance is attributed to the transfer out of all transit related assets, liabilities and fund balance to YCIPTA.

## Table 4 - Change in Fund Balance of Governmental Fund (Unaudited) (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

#### (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

			Fiscal Year		
	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Revenues					
Intergovernmental:					
Arizona Department of Transportation/Federal Highway Admin	\$ 398,086	\$ 571,409	\$ 517,579	\$ 656,007	\$ 718,287
Federal Transit Administration	149,098	224,139	218,417	223,522	122,141
Local Transportation Assistance Fund II					
Arizona Department of Environmental Quality	10,000	-	10,000	20,000	10,000
Member fees	78,397	85,343	80,405	46,924	62,864
Investment earnings	16,252	23,471	34,476	9,430	3,111
Charges for services	771	28,948	10,323	12,402	6,898
Donated services - member agencies	58,349	94,019	91,686	85,959	105,620
Miscellaneous reimbursements - YCIPTA	-	-	-	-	-
Other revenue					172
Total revenues	710,953	1,027,329	962,886	1,054,244	1,029,093
Expenditures					
Current:					
Administration	255,116	322,736	285,521	253,865	448,869
Highway and transit planning	413,085	581,101	643,624	809,439	630,831
Capital outlay		32,162		650,381	
Total expenditures	668,201	935,999	929,145	1,713,685	1,079,700
Change in fund balance	42,752	91,330	33,741	(659,441)	(50,607)
Other Financing Sources					
Gain on disposal of asset		2,300			5,000
Total other financing sources		2,300			5,000
Net change in fund balance	42,752	93,630	33,741	(659,441)	(45,607)
Fund Balance - beginning	1,703,991	1,746,743	1,840,373	1,874,114	1,214,673
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 1,746,743	\$ 1,840,373	\$ 1,874,114	\$ 1,214,673	\$ 1,169,066

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Decrease net change fund balance is attributed to the transfer out of all transit related assets, liabilities and fund balance to YCIPTA.

# Table 5 - Member Dues (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years

										Fisca	l Yea	ır								
		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022
Population	2	05,174	2	09,323	2	12,012	2	214,991	2	217,730	1	221,648	2	225,212	2	229,957	2	235,321	2	07,318
Members (6)																				
City of Yuma	\$	78,773	\$	29,025	\$	29,025	\$	42,647	\$	42,647	\$	35,943	\$	39,209	\$	36,842	\$	21,538	\$	29,681
Yuma County		57,147		18,698		18,698		27,474		27,474		22,432		24,193		22,586		12,993		16,781
City of San Luis		19,385		7,974		7,974		11,716		11,716		12,482		13,737		13,283		7,917		10,941
City of Somerton		8,105		4,456		4,456		6,548		6,548		6,049		6,595		6,188		3,597		4,390
Town of Wellton		1,739		897		897		1,318		1,318		1,122		1,212		1,138		669		752
Cocopah Indian Tribe		938		319		319		469		469		370		398		368		210		319
<b>Total member dues</b>	\$	166,087	\$	61,369	\$	61,369	\$	90,172	\$	90,172	\$	78,398	\$	85,344	\$	80,405	\$	46,924	\$	62,864

Member dues are calculated based on population data published in December of the fiscal year

# Yuma Metropolitan Planning Organization Table 6 - Principal Members (Unaudited) Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		202	2		13		
			Percent of Total Dues			Percent of Total Dues	
City/County/Town	Anı	nual Dues	Assessment	An	nual Dues	Assessment	
City of Yuma	\$	29,681	47.2%	\$	78,773	47.4%	
Yuma County		16,781	26.7%		57,147	34.4%	
City of San Luis		10,941	17.4%		19,385	11.7%	
City of Somerton		4,390	7.0%		8,105	4.9%	
Town of Wellton		752	1.2%		1,739	1.0%	
Cocopah Indian Tribe		319	0.5%		938	0.6%	
<b>Total dues assessment</b>	\$	62,864	100.0%	\$	166,087	100.0%	

## Table 7 - Demographics Statistics - Populations and Employment (Unaudited) Last Ten Years

		City of Yuma			Yuma County		City of San Luis				
	Population	Labor Force	Unemployment Rate	Population	Labor Force	Unemployment Rate	Population	Labor Force	Unemployment Rate		
2011	91,906	44,590	16.8%	195,751	87,566	25.4%	30,607	17,249	67.5%		
2012	94,824	45,381	17.5%	205,174	92,015	27.5%	31,080	16,851	63.9%		
2013	95,717	44,033	18.3%	209,323	91,292	29.8%	32,305	17,793	67.1%		
2014	96,522	41,263	15.4%	212,012	92,838	23.3%	33,190	19,040	49.0%		
2015	97,950	40,822	14.4%	214,991	91,627	22.2%	34,001	18,806	48.3%		
2016	100,049	42,856	12.0%	217,730	94,100	18.7%	34,663	18,237	42.0%		
2017	101,620	43,995	11.1%	221,648	95,153	17.1%	35,289	17,377	37.5%		
2018	103,469	44,987	11.1%	225,212	97,462	17.0%	36,250	17,928	37.8%		
2019	105,365	46,386	10.9%	229,957	100,491	16.5%	37,990	18,059	35.8%		
2020	108,010	46,372	13.5%	235,321	98,068	17.1%	39,705	17,108	31.3%		

	(	City of Somerton		Town of Wellton						
	Population	Labor Force	Unemployment Rate	Population	Labor Force	Unemployment Rate				
2011	14,470	4,703	40.4%	2,926	888	30.5%				
2012	14,796	4,718	39.7%	2,974	894	29.9%				
2013	15,246	4,747	42.4%	3,048	889	32.3%				
2014	15,499	7,480	30.1%	3,083	976	44.4%				
2015	15,759	7,352	28.8%	3,101	951	42.8%				
2016	15,881	4,510	20.0%	3,119	637	33.0%				
2017	17,103	7,749	17.3%	3,171	636	28.8%				
2018	17,403	8,156	17.9%	3,197	752	9.7%				
2019	17,698	8,036	22.9%	3,254	829	10.7%				
2020	18,038	8,137	15.1%	3,354	751	0.3%				

Source: Arizona Department of Administration

Data provided is for the calendar year

Last ten years available, final 2021 data was unavailable at the time of publishing

Cocopah Indian Tribe data was unavailable

#### Table 8 - Top Employers in Yuma County, Arizona (Unaudited) Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2021		2012				
	Total		% of Total	Total		% of Total		
Employers	<b>Employed</b>	Rank	<b>Employed</b>	<b>Employed</b>	Rank	<b>Employed</b>		
Yuma Regional Medical Center	2,430	1	2.42%	2,080	2	2.38%		
Yuma Proving Ground	2,138	2	2.13%	-	-	-		
Yuma Elementary School District #1	1,179	3	1.17%	1,700	3	1.94%		
TRAX International	1,050	4	1.04%	-	-	-		
Yuma Union High School District	993	5	0.99%	-	-	-		
Convey Health Solutions	900	6	0.90%	-	-	-		
Arizona Western College	829	7	0.82%	-	-	-		
Paradise Casino	700	8	0.70%	-	-	-		
Crane Elementary School District #13	659	9	0.66%	-	-	-		
ACCT	557	10	0.55%	814	10	0.93%		
Yuma County	-	-	-	1,350	6	1.54%		
City of Yuma	-	-	-	1,388	5	1.59%		
Bose Corp	-	-	-	1,300	8	1.48%		
U.S. Marine Corps Air Station	-	-	-	1,350	7	1.54%		
U.S. Army	-	-	-	2,319	1	2.65%		
Wal-Mart Stores	-	-	-	1,394	4	1.59%		
U.S. Border Patrol		-		920	9	1.05%		
Total	11,435		11.38%	14,615	:	16.69%		
Total County Employment	100,491			87,566				

Source: Greater Yuma Economic Development Corporation Final 2022 data was unavailable at the time of publishing

# Table 9 - Full-Time Equivalent Employees by Function (Unaudited) Last Ten Fiscal Years

#### (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Fiscal Year												
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022			
General Government													
Administration	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2			
Highway and transit planning	8	9	12	11	14	11	12	13	14	11			
Total general government	10	12	15	13	16	13	14	15	16	13			